

**SATISH CHANDRA MEMORIAL SCHOOL CHAKDAHA**

**SUBJECT:- SOCIAL SCIENCE CLASS:- VI**

**HISTORY-CHAPTER:- IN THE EARLIEST CITIES**

**CASE STUDY:-**

Round the time of the Indus Valley Civilization, another ancient river valley civilization flourished the river Nile in Egypt. The Egyptian civilization flourished between 3000 BCE and 300 BC.

The Egyptian kings built huge tombs, known as Pyramids. When they died, the bodies of the kings were preserved and buried in the pyramids. These carefully preserved bodies are known as 'Mummies'. A large number of objects were also buried with them. For example, table, clothes, ornaments, utensils, musical instruments, weapons and animals.

1. Why did the Egyptian kings build pyramids?
2. What are Mummies?
3. What are the common features of a pyramid and a burial site?
4. Why Egyptians did not let the dead bodies rot?
5. Name the civilization flourished near the banks of the river Indus and its tributaries.